

Verbal Reasoning

Compound Words

What do I do?

Choose a word from the first set followed by a word from the second set, to form a new word.

Top Tips!

- Read each word from the first group in turn and see if they match with the second group.
- Be wary of words that are spelt incorrectly and homophones - these are there to catch you out!
- Always try to imagine what the word would look like written down.

What skills do I need to improve?

Doing lots of practice questions will help with becoming familiar with question types but what else can you do to improve in this area?

- Reading always helps with compound words, as through reading, you will be exposed to lots of varied vocabulary.
- Research compound words and their meanings and see if you can find the common ones.
- Revise homophones and their meanings. These will appear in these types of questions, so it's good to know what they mean and whether they should be part of the compound word.

Practice Questions

1. (pass, open, door) (ship, port, sing)
2. (blue, fish, law) (suit, dry, in)
3. (shut, range, news) (term, coat, paper)
4. (fore, top, four) (hand, head, week)
5. (big, rain, hide) (right, bucket, coat)
6. (juice, strong, over) (carton, rang, board)
7. (moon, dell, bright) (wing, light, ten)
8. (seal, patch, tool) (work, lent, long)
9. (in, on, under) (place, edge, mate)
10. (free, black, sung) (list, dome, tune)

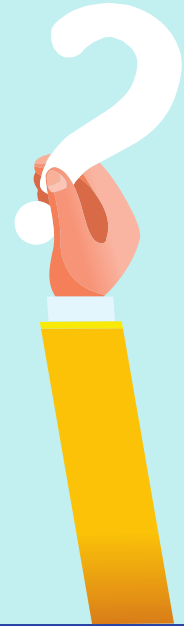
How many compound words can you think of ending with 'room'?

Verbal Reasoning

Compound Words

Answers

1. passport
2. lawsuit
3. newspaper
4. forehead
5. raincoat
6. overboard
7. moonlight
8. patchwork
9. inmate
10. blacklist



Classroom, mushroom, headroom, newsroom, restroom, homeroom, sickroom, legroom, sunroom, bedroom, bathroom, ballroom, showroom, washroom, saleroom, courtroom, elbowroom, lunchroom, storeroom...